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# The Evening Standard

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 15, 1913

## WEATHER FORECAST

THE INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE WEATHER WILL BE: INCREASING CLOUDINESS, WITH LOCAL SNOW TONIGHT OR THURSDAY; WARMER TONIGHT.

## OIL MAN MAY BE CALLED

### Examination of Rockefeller to Be Decided Upon Today

Washington, Jan. 15.—Although suffering from "shaking palsy," and unable to speak above a whisper, William Rockefeller would be able to undergo a "brief examination" before the house money trust committee, if his testimony is of "paramount importance." So Dr. C. W. Richardson told the committee today. He said that to submit the oil magnate to prolonged questioning might cause a hemorrhage or a swelling of the larynx which would stop his breathing.

While Dr. Richardson and Albert C. Burrage, who was concerned in the reorganization of the Amalgamated Copper company testified, a list of financial leaders wanted to be called. They were President Hines, of the National City bank of New York, George W. Perkins, Thomas W. Lamont, H. P. Davison and George F. Baker, Jr., the latter a son of the leading figure in the First National bank.

The committee will take up the question of whether Mr. Rockefeller is to be examined at an executive meeting late today.

Speed Close to Inquiry.

A speedy examination of the remaining witnesses and an early termination of the money trust inquiry was planned today by the house committee investigating the financial situation. Chairman Pujo, of the committee, declared he hoped to close the hearings by the end of the week.

Perkins on Hand.

When the committee convened today, George W. Perkins, formerly of J. P. Morgan and company, and H. P. Davison and Thomas W. Lamont, present members of the Morgan firm, were on hand. Their testimony was expected to amplify that of Mr. Morgan himself.

Dr. Richardson was first called to the stand.

Albert C. Burrage of Boston testified he was an organizer of the Amalgamated Copper company in 1896. He named as his assistants William Rockefeller, Marcus Daly, H. H. Rogers and others.

Burrage Could Not Remember.

Mr. Burrage could not remember how much was made by the organization in turning over the various properties to the Amalgamated.

"Was the profit \$25,000,000?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

"I could not say," answered Burrage.

He could not remember his own profits nor those of Thomas W. Lamont, William Rockefeller and Mr. Rogers.

Mr. Burrage said he got his profit in securities so far as he could remember and did not get any Butte, Boston or Boston-Montana.

"Will you say that your profit was not more than \$5,000,000?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

"I could not say," answered Burrage.

No Records of Deal.

He knew of no records of the deal. "Then this entire deal, involving \$75,000,000, was accomplished without the scratch of a pen?" asked the counsel.

"Yes, so far as I know."

"The public came in in shoals, didn't it?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

"Yes, you might say that," said Mr. Burrage.

He could not say whether the "insiders" entered large requests for subscriptions to the stock, but he knew that before the stock was allotted the price had gone to \$115 or \$120 per \$100 share. About \$375,000,000 of offers, he said, were received for the \$75,000,000 of stock.

Witness' Memory Still Bad.

Mr. Burrage could not remember details of operations by which Amalgamated took over Boston and Montana and Butte and Boston. Boston and Butte, Mr. Burrage said, was accumulated on his advice. Later, he said, the Globe bank of Boston failed, holding a large block of Boston and Montana stock. Just prior to the failure, he said, Mr. Lawson conducted a vigorous advertising campaign, "building Butte and Boston and 'bearing' Boston and Montana. Mr. Burrage said he had taken no part in the negotiations by which the Amalgamated organizers secured the Boston and Montana stock held by the Globe bank. He did not believe the Lawson advertising campaign had any relation to the Globe failure.

Mr. Burrage said that Butte and

Montana stock was exchanged for Amalgamated, at a rate of four shares of Amalgamated for one of Butte and Boston, which with Amalgamated at 120, made a price of 520. Butte-Montana, he said, was exchanged share for share with Amalgamated in the merger.

Mr. Undermyer asked if Mr. Rogers and Mr. Rockefeller had not acquired Butte and Boston and Butte and Montana and then as directors of the Amalgamated had voted to buy this stock for themselves. But Mr. Burrage did not remember.

Stocks' Great Increase.

"But you know that the value of these stocks increased from \$30,000,000 to \$104,000,000 when they were transferred to the Amalgamated?"

"Yes—a profit for those who held the shares," answered Mr. Burrage.

Mr. Burrage said that in 1904 he ordered all his papers and accounts destroyed because Mr. Lawson and Mr. Rogers were engaged in an altercation.

"They were both friends of mine and I did not wish to become involved," said Mr. Burrage.

With the conclusion of his examination the committee recessed for luncheon.

Mr. Perkins was the first to take the stand when the committee resumed the hearing.

Perkins a Student.

Samuel Undermyer, counsel for the committee, asked:

"What is your present occupation?"

"Well, I am a student just now," answered Mr. Perkins, with a smile. "I also spend considerable time testifying before congressional committees."

Mr. Perkins told of having been a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and of his connection with the United States Steel corporation. He was still a director and member of the finance committee of the corporation, he said, and had a great deal to do with its business organization after it was formed. Mr. Perkins, as a director of the steel corporation and the International Harvester company, is a defendant in the government's suits for the dissolution of those concerns.

Perkins' Testimony.

As Samuel Undermyer, counsel for the committee, began to question him about those two companies, there was much speculation among lawyers and others present as to whether Mr. Perkins' answers would give him immunity from any possible government prosecution.

Mr. Perkins said the corporation bought its own stock only, so far as he knew, to be sold to employees under profit-sharing schemes.

"We never knew of the corporation buying its own stock to protect it in the market and know of no pools to manipulate the market in steel stock," he said.

"Do you believe that directors should be allowed to trade in the stock of their own corporations on advance information secured by them through their connection with the corporation?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

"I do not," said Mr. Perkins.

"The steel corporation was the first big corporation to give entire publicity to its affairs, was it not?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

"Yes, so far as I know."

Believes in Publicity.

Mr. Perkins said he believed all corporations should give publicity to all their affairs.

"Now as to the organization of the Harvester company, that was more particularly your job, was it not?"

"It was," said Mr. Perkins.

Mr. Undermyer told Mr. Perkins that he did not wish to ask any questions that might bear on the suit of the government against the "harvester trust."

"In fairness to myself and the committee," said Mr. Perkins, "I suggest that I have just testified in that suit and it would be difficult for me to testify about the harvester company without infringing on the matters at issue."

Mr. Undermyer dropped the questions into the harvester company after the witness said he was a member of its finance committee.

Belongs to Bankers' Trust.

Mr. Perkins said he was one of the original voting trustees of the Bankers' Trust company.

"What useful purpose is served by placing the voting power of a trust company in the hands of a few trustees?" asked Mr. Undermyer.

Mr. Perkins answered that he believed a voting trust was used in organizing a new concern, to insure its being run along certain lines endorsed by the trustees.

## NO MORE SKUNK HIDES BY MAIL

Decatur, Ill., Jan. 15.—Somebody "threw a wrench" into the smoothly running parcel post machinery at the Decatur postoffice today. It was a package of fresh skunk hides, mailed by a trapper on a rural route.

## EXPLOSION IN TUNNEL

### One Killed, Another Perishes, Five are Seriously Injured

Chicago, Jan. 15.—One man was killed, another is reported to have perished, and five were seriously injured by an explosion in a city water tunnel at East Seventy-second street and Cottage Grove avenue today.

Abraham Berrian's body was taken from the tunnel several hours after the explosion. It was the second blast in the tunnel in six hours, three men having been seriously burned in an explosion late last night.

Both blasts are believed to have been caused by fumes which gathered in the tunnel following the discharge of dynamite used in blasting rock in the construction of the bore.

The tunnel is being constructed to connect the South Fork pumping station at Fifty-eighth street with the city water tunnel at Seventy-third street.

## MEN STILL STAND FIRM

### House Republicans of Wyoming Join Hands With Democrats

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 15.—Upon the convening of the two houses of the Wyoming legislature this afternoon there was no indication that the two Republican house members, who flocked with the Democrats yesterday to perfect the organization of the house, had any intentions of retreating from the stand they took at the first session. Republican leaders have been unable to get either of them to divulge their purposes and both have published statements in which they justify their action upon the ground of breaking up "machine rule."

Senator F. E. Warren, whose prospect of re-election is jeopardized by the present situation, is not in the city as the vote for senator does not take place until January 28.

## DENVER SENATORS ARE CERTIFIED

Denver, Jan. 15.—The senate and house met in joint session at noon today, canvassed and certified yesterday's vote by which C. S. Thomas and J. F. Shafroth were elected to the United States senate from Colorado for the short and long term respectively. Senator Thomas, in his speech of acceptance, declared in favor of tariff reduction and explained that under the Democratic theory it should be a general revision. He said that it was not in accordance with Democratic principles to demand downward revision on all products except those of a particular state.

## BOXING MATCHES MADE A FELONY

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 15.—A bill making the promotion of boxing matches in Idaho a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not less than one year in the state penitentiary, was introduced in the house of representatives today. The bill was referred to committee.

## SPECTACULAR PLAN OF SUFFRAGISTS

Washington, Jan. 15.—In order to demonstrate in spectacular manner the advancement of women, the managers of the suffragist parade here March 3 have invited Miss Bernetta Miller, a woman aviator, to swoop down into Pennsylvania avenue in her aeroplane on that day with a message for "Miss Columbia," the central figure in tableaux which will be staged on the steps of the treasury department building. An answer to the invitation is expected today.

The message, it is planned, will be a pronouncement settling forth the strides made by the modern woman and urging that she be placed on a political equality with man. The aeroplane, if the fair aviator holds it, could be done without endangering its stability, will be covered with "votes for women" banners.

## RAILROAD WILL BE FORCED TO COMPLY

Washington, Jan. 15.—Refusal of the Santa Fe, Alton, Illinois Central, Wabash and Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroads to absorb switching charges on grain shipments at Chicago induced the Chicago board of trade to file with the interstate commerce commission a request that the commission compel enforcement of the rule.

## ORDERS ISSUED TO RAILWAY COMPANY

Washington, Jan. 15.—The interstate commerce commission today ordered the Pennsylvania Railroad company to discontinue payment of allowances to the Keystone Elevator and

Warehouse company in North Philadelphia and directed that the Pennsylvania railroad, which owns the elevator, should not lease the property to the Keystone Elevator and Warehouse company.

An investigation showed that discrimination was made in favor of the property of stockholders of the Keystone company.

## VACATION FOR HORSES PLANNED

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.—A two weeks vacation for every one of the 800 horses in the employ of the city police, fire and street departments is to be granted next summer. An informal vote of the city council has raised \$15,000 to meet the cost and a committee is at work figuring out how the horses can be spared from their work.

## UNUSUAL GIFTS FOR HELEN GOULD

New York, Jan. 15.—It was learned today that two unusual gifts are on the way from St. Louis for the wife of Helen Miller Gould and Finley J. Shepard at Tarrytown next week. The Railroad Young Men's Christian association building at St. Louis has been done in a gold and bronze miniature and made into a clock. The other gift is a gold and bronze jewel case, a miniature reproduction of the Gould private car "Atlantic." This is the gift of thirty railroad Y. M. C. A. branches scattered along the Gould lines in the southwest.

## CASTRO CASE IN HANDS OF NAGEL

Washington, Jan. 15.—The fate of General Cipriano Castro's attempt to enter the United States is now largely in the hands of Secretary Nagel who today received a report from the special board of inquiry at New York. It is understood that the board did not announce its conclusions as to the admissibility of Castro, but submitted the record for Secretary Nagel's perusal before determining whether Castro should be deported or admitted.

The board must make a decision and if it authorizes Castro's admission it would be beyond the power of Secretary Nagel to consider the case unless some member of the board of inquiry should appeal to him.

## GOLF TOURNAMENT SET FOR NEXT MAY

New York, Jan. 15.—The Metropolitan Amateur Golf championship, which usually attracts several of the high ranking golf players of the country, has been tentatively set for May 21 to 24 inclusive, probably at Englewood, N. J., although the course has not been definitely determined.

The New Jersey state championship has been provisionally arranged for June 5 to 7 at Baltusrol. It is announced that no less than ten clubs in the Metropolitan vicinity have arranged for invitation meetings, which promise to make the coming summer one of the liveliest in golf history.

## CHARITY WORKER IS FOUND DEAD

New York, Jan. 15.—A score of hungry cats and dogs, and a parrot and a turtle—crying for food—led neighbors to break into a Brooklyn apartment during the night, where they found Fannie Luff, a charity worker, 60 years old, dead.

It is believed she had been dead since Saturday, probably having succumbed to heart disease. A policeman who led the investigating party of neighbors was almost howled over by the rush of the hungry dogs and cats which had long before picked clean to the bone a number of lamb chops strewn about the floor.

## WESTERGAARD IS NEW WHITE HOPE

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 14.—Claiming to possess a reach greater than Jack Johnson, weighing 218 pounds, and standing six feet three inches in height, Jess Westergaard, the wrestler, announced here today that he was entering the heavyweight boxing championship.

"I know how to box and I have no fear of any man in the game," said Westergaard.

Emil Klank, once manager of Frank Gotch, is behind the new "hope," who will fight Al Williams at Hot Springs, Ark., February 15.

## REBELS BURNING ALL THE BRIDGES

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 15.—Fifty rebels who were burning bridges on the Mexico Northwestern railroad were dispersed yesterday by a command of 100 federals a short distance below Juarez, according to advices received in Juarez this morning.

The rebels were moving north toward the border city, destroying all bridges as they proceeded. A sharp fight occurred when the federals met them and the rebels retreated after making a brief resistance to the federal advance.

## SLOSSON'S LEAD IS INCREASING

St. Louis, Jan. 14.—George Slosson increased tonight his lead over Kodj Yamada in the second block of the 2400 point 182 ball line billiard match by defeating the Japanese 400 to 288, making the total score for the two nights' play 800 to 654. High runs: Slosson 120, Yamada 79. Averages: Slosson 22 4-18, Yamada 17 9-17.

## BIG CRUSADE IS PLANNED

### Chicago Detectives to Stamp Out City's Great Crime Wave

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Officials at detective headquarters are preparing for a crusade against "crooks" with a known police record which is expected to result in 10,000 arrests on vagrancy warrants.

Detectives were ordered to prepare today lists of all thieves known to them, from the "high class" bank sneak to the ordinary door mat thief. Not only the names, but the general habits and "hangouts" of the thieves are to be included in the lists.

An idea of how many names may be handled in may be gained from the fact that one pair of detectives last night prepared a list of 680 thieves known to them. Allowing for duplications it is expected that the 100 detectives at the bureau will furnish at least 100 names each.

Warrants will be placed in the hands of the detectives with instructions to have the crooks locked up within 48 hours if possible.

The move was decided on because of the crime wave which has swept over the city during the last few weeks.

## TWO WOMEN LEAD GIRLS

### Many Thousands to Join Garment Workers' Great Strike

New York, Jan. 15.—Two women are demonstrating their abilities as labor leaders in two large strikes here. Twenty thousand girl workers in the dress and waist industry are led by Josephine Casey, a national organizer of the Ladies' Garment Workers' union. She is the same young woman who led a strike of corset makers in Kalamazoo a few years ago successfully while carrying on the struggle there she fell into the hands of the police and spent ten days in jail rather than have her fine come out of the strike fund.

The striking waiters, whose number is much disputed, but who are continuing to cause considerable embarrassment to the hotel and restaurant trade, are being virtually led by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn an organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World although Ettor and Giovannitti, the recently conspicuous figures in the Lawrence, Mass., textile strike, furnish most of the strategy.

Official Call Is Made.

Fifty thousand flaming red posters, distributed in 600 girls' dress and shirtwaist factories today turned nearly 10,000 workers into the ranks of the strikers in the garment-making trades, now numbering nearly 200,000. The posters were the official call for a strike among the dress and waist makers, who had previously sanctioned such action by an overwhelming vote. All of these employees are girls, some of them under 14 years old, and their organizations have appointed committees to guard the idle workers against agents of the white slave trade.

The first demand of the dress and waist makers is "no locked doors." They declare that the lesson taught by the Asch building fire, in which 147 girls lost their lives, has not been heeded and that they are forced to work in unsafe and unsanitary shops.

## BONDS ARE PASSED ON

### Three Iron Workers Must Obtain More Sureties—Hockin Denied

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Bonds submitted by the release of Frank M. Ryan, F. H. Houlihan and William Schupe, sentenced to terms in prison for conspiracy in the illegal transportation of dynamite were disapproved by District Attorney Charles W. Miller of Indianapolis, in the circuit court of appeals here today. Bonds of \$30,000 for the release of Charles N. Reum of Minneapolis were approved by the court.

District Attorney Miller declared that the property scheduled for the bonds of Ryan, Houlihan and Schupe did not aggregate more than \$37,500, while more than \$200,000 should have been scheduled.

Attorneys for the Chicago labor leaders said they would make an effort to obtain sureties.

Later the court declined to approve a bond for \$30,000 offered for the release of William E. Reddin of Milwaukee, because of the insufficiency of the surety.

Hockin Writ Denied.

The court also declined to issue a writ of superseas ad rem to bail Herbert Hockin of Indianapolis, who was sentenced to six years in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan. Hockin was the only convicted labor man for whom a writ of superseas was not asked when the matter was presented to the court a week ago.

Hockin already has confessed his guilt and there is no necessity in his case for a writ of superseas pending the decision of the appeal," said District Attorney Miller.

Attorneys for the convicted labor leaders said they had bonds ready for Wilford B. Brown and William J. McCain of Kansas City, but these were not presented in court.

District Attorney Miller left for Washington later in the day to confer with United States Attorney General Wickersham in regard to the labor cases. He will return to Chicago next Monday when the question of admitting the other labor leaders to bail will again be taken up by the court.

## PHENOMENAL GAIN IN 1913

### Building in Western Cities in December Makes a Record

Chicago, Jan. 15.—The mid weather which prevailed in December is accountable for the phenomenal increase in building operations in that month, according to the Construction News. There were gains in 49 cities and losses in 30.

The percentage of gain in 79 cities is 13 per cent.

Gains in Western Cities.

Following are the gains in leading western cities:

City	Cost	Gain Pct.
Salt Lake City	\$2,110,000	5,828
San Diego	371,000	123
Seattle	668,000	196
Oakland	668,000	29
Tacoma	211,000	128
Berkeley	144,000	45
Stockton	124,000	11
Spokane	101,000	37
San Jose	45,000	26
Pueblo	23,000	26

## ALARMING STATISTICS

### Divorces Reach an Enormous Total—Federal Law Imperative

New York, Jan. 15.—More than 70,000 children, mostly under the age of 9 years, were deprived of one or both parents by divorce in this country during the last year, according to figures with which the Rev. Francis M. Moody stirred members of the New York State Marriage and Divorce commission at its meeting yesterday.

"On the Pacific coast," he said, "has been the greatest divorce center of the world. In the year 1912 alone there were granted in the United States more than 100,000 divorces. In 46 years 3,700,000 adults were separated by divorce, and more than 5,000,000 persons were affected by these cases. Illinois alone provided 120,000 divorces; Pennsylvania, 55,760; California, 50,000, and New York 44,450. New York state, however, sent 18,169 of its couples into other states to procure divorces and there were probably many migratory cases that are not recorded in this total. At present 90 per cent of the cases go by default, with only one party represented."

Working for Federal Law.

Mr. Moody offered a resolution to organize a federal commission in this state to work for a uniform federal law governing marriage and divorce, which should be the central organization for all state commissions of this character which have already been formed in some states and which would meet in convention in Chicago in May. The Rev. Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay was appointed temporary chairman of the organizing committee.

## THIRD TRIAL OF DR. HYDE

### Jury Is Being Chosen to Hear Testimony in Famous Case

Kansas City, Jan. 15.—After several postponements the third trial of Dr. B. Clark Hyde for the murder of Colonel Thomas H. Swope, began today when the selection of 47 veniremen, from whom the jury will be chosen, started.

The physician is accused of administering typhoid germs, cyanide and other poisons to Colonel Swope, who died in October, 1909.

Found Guilty on First Trial.

Dr. Hyde, whose wife was Colonel Swope's niece, was indicted on the murder charge March 6, 1910, and at his first trial was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The state supreme court reversed the case. The second trial was halted by the escape of Harry Waldron, a juror, from the custody of the marshal. Judge Porterfield declared a mistrial and discharged the jury.

## POWERS PUT BRAKES ON

### Further Fighting to Be Avoided—Allies With-Hold Action

London, Jan. 15.—Today's meeting of the powers was devoted chiefly to the question of putting a brake on the threatened resumption of the war in the Balkans. Breathing time was given for efforts in this direction by the decision of the Balkan plenipotentiaries today not to take further action until the Turkish government has had full opportunity for the discussion of the ambassadors' note, which will be presented this week.

It is evident that both sides would welcome the discovery of an acceptable way to avoid further fighting. The Turkish delegates argue but for the fact that the European powers have shown bias in favor of the claims put forward by the allies they would have been able to compromise with their adversaries long ago.

Delegates Deny Powers' Influence.

The delegates of the allies deny that the powers have raised an objection to their announced intention of breaking off negotiations and denouncing the armistice. They point out that on Saturday last they notified the British foreign minister and all the European ambassadors of their intention, and none of them remonstrated.

Turks Delay Too Long.

The representatives of Bulgaria, Greece, Montenegro and Serbia declare that they must protect their own interests, especially in avoiding indefinite procrastination on the part of the Turks, as since the conclusion of the armistice in December the maintenance of the four allied armies on a war footing has represented an outlay of \$200,000,000. This must come to an end, they say.

Within a week Turkey must either cede Adrianople in a peaceful manner or lose it by a resumption of the war, which in the end would be less costly than this expensive peace.

## RAILROAD HAS SCHEME

### Union Pacific Plans to Lease Old Central Pacific Line

New York, Jan. 15.—It was learned from an authoritative source in New York today that the Union Pacific Railroad company plans to take over the Central Pacific Railway company by lease from the Southern Pacific Railroad company and in this way meet the requirements imposed by the supreme court in its decree ordering the dissolution of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific.

Just how the Union Pacific is to assume the Central's obligations to the Southern Pacific has not yet been determined, but it is supposed that the transfer of the lease, is consummated, will involve the transfer of some of the \$126,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock now owned by the Union Pacific.

## IOWA BILLS INTRODUCED

### Non-Partisan Judiciary and Mother's Pensions Before House

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 15.—Bills providing for a nonpartisan judiciary in the state, mothers' pensions and for a constitutional amendment for income and occupation taxes were among 19 bills introduced in the lower house of the Iowa legislature today. The nonpartisan judiciary bill, introduced by Klay of Sioux county, provides that judges of supreme and other courts be nominated at the primary election. The two candidates receiving the highest vote stand for the general election.

The pension bill provides that mothers unable to care for their children shall be allowed a pension of \$10 a month from the state.

Both houses held short sessions and adjourned until tomorrow, when Governor-elect Clarke will be inaugurated.

## Take No Chances—Buy Known Quality

You have no excuse for buying "a cat in the bag" today. Those who take a chance with "something just as good" invariably get "something worse."

Advertising eliminates risk. It has placed business on a high plane. No longer need the buyer beware. Merchants and manufacturers both realize that the square deal is their most valuable asset. They must not only make customers, but must keep them.

Bear this in mind when you read the advertisements in THE STANDARD. The manufacturer, who advertises continuously and

## Take No Chances—Buy Known Quality

persistently, could not afford to do so unless his goods were such as to make customers and keep them. He invites you, through his advertising, to test his sincerity, knowing that one trial will make you a permanent customer.

You take no chances in purchasing products advertised in THE STANDARD. Each advertisement carries an unwritten guarantee of honest quality and honest price. Read the STANDARD'S advertisements closely and constantly every day and keep in touch with the best to be had from the most reputable dealers in this city.